

ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO

# GEORGII V REGIS.

A.D. 1926.

No. 1744.

An Act to consolidate certain Acts relating to the Closing Times of Shops.

[Assented to, November 11th, 1926.]

BE it Enacted by the Governor of the State of South Australia, with the advice and consent of the B. with the advice and consent of the Parliament thereof, as follows:

#### PART I.

PART 1.

#### PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be cited as the "Early Closing Act, 1926."

Short title.

- 2. This Act is a consolidation of the Acts mentioned in the First Repeal Schedule, and the said Acts are hereby repealed.
  - 3. The provisions of this Act are arranged as follows:—

Arrangement of Act.

PART I.—Preliminary.

Part II.—Shopping Districts, and Determination of Day for Half-Holiday.

PART III.—Administration.

Part IV.—Registration of Shops.

v.—Provisions as to Closing Times and Working Hours.

DIVISION I.—The Closing Times:

Division II.—Compulsory Closing:

Division III.—Half-Holidays in Exempted Shops:

DIVISION

- Division iv.—How a Class of Shops may Cease to be Exempted:
- Division v.—Alteration of closing times in shops which has ceased to be exempted:
- Division vi.—Additional Provisions as to the Closing of Shops:
- Division vii.—Limitation of Working Hours of Young Persons.

PART VI.-Legal Procedure.

PART VII.—Miscellaneous.

Interpretation, 1062, 1911, s. 4. 1104, 1912, s. 3. 1572, 1923, s. 3. 1687, 1925, s. 3.

- 4. In this Act, unless inconsistent with the context or some other meaning is clearly intended,—
  - "Chief Inspector" means the Chief Inspector of Shops:
  - "Closing time" means the closing time of the shop, for the particular day, as provided by this Act:
  - "Comes into operation" means comes into operation in the particular shopping district:
  - "Compulsory half-holiday" means the compulsory weekly half-holiday for shops in the particular shopping district, as provided or declared by or under this Act:
  - "Election" means an election of Members or a Member to serve in the House of Assembly:
  - "Elector" means a person who, at the time, is entitled to vote at an election:
  - "Electoral District" means an Electoral District for the election of Members or a Member to serve in the House of Assembly:
  - "Exempted goods" means any of the goods which are declared to be exempted goods by the Second Schedule to this Act, and which have not, for the time being, ceased to be exempted goods:
  - "Exempted shop" means a shop which is registered in the register of shops kept by the Registrar of Shops pursuant to section 32 of this Act as belonging to a class mentioned in the Third Schedule to this Act:
  - "General Election" means a Parliamentary General Election for the election, pursuant to writs issued on the dissolution or expiry of the House of Assembly, of Members to serve in the said House:
  - "Inspector" means an Inspector of Shops appointed under this Act, and includes the Chief Inspector:
  - "Newspaper" means any public print for the circulation of news, advertisements, intelligence as to public matters, or remarks

remarks or observations thereon, published for sale periodically or in parts or numbers, at intervals not exceeding seven days between the publication of any two of such papers, parts, or numbers:

- "Quorum of the electors" means at least five hundred or onetenth, whichever is the smaller number, of the electors:
- "Registrar" means Registrar of Shops appointed under this Act or the Acts repealed by this Act:
- "Saturday Closing District" means a shopping district in which the compulsory half-holiday is Saturday:
- "Shop" means and includes—
  - (a) the whole or any portion of a building, stall, tent, vehicle, platform, ship, boat, or pack, or any place whatsoever, in which goods are offered or exposed for sale by retail or by auction; and
  - (b) a building or place in which the business of a hairdresser, of a pawnbroker, of an undertaker, or of an auctioneer is carried on;

but, as regards a vendor of newspapers, does not include a public street or way, or any part thereof, where he sells newspapers: Provided that such newspapers are not sold in or from or exposed for sale in or on any building, stall, tent, vehicle, or platform.

As regards a publisher of newspapers, the term "shop" does not include any building or place used exclusively for the publication and sale of newspapers:

- "Shop assistant" means and includes—
  - I. a person employed in or about a shop, whether for hire or reward or not—
    - (a) in selling or supplying, or assisting in selling or supplying, goods to the public; or
    - (b) as a clerk; or
    - (c) as a messenger; and
  - II. a person engaged in delivering goods from a shop:
- "Shopkeeper" means the person, firm, company, corporate body, or association who or which, directly or indirectly, as principal occupies a shop, and includes a hawker, and also includes a person who manages a shop or acts, or apparently acts, in the general management or control of a shop:
- "Shopping District" means a shopping district constituted by or under this Act or the Acts repealed by this Act:
- "Week day" does not include Sunday.

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#### Early Closing Act.—1926.

Application of Act. 1062, 1911, s. 5. 1572, 1923, s. 30.

- 5. (1) Part II., so far as it deals with the determination or change of the day for the compulsory half-holiday, and Divisions I. and II. of Part V., do not apply to or in respect of exempted shops, but the other provisions of this Act apply to and in respect of exempted shops.
- (2) The provisions of this Act shall not apply in respect of any shop erected and carried on at any industrial exhibition, agricultural, horticultural, or other similar show, so long as no goods other than goods of the prescribed kind are sold at that shop.

Suspension of operation of Act as to closing times. 1062, 1911, a. 6.

- 6. (1) The Governor may by Proclamation temporarily suspend the operation of this Act in so far as it applies to the closing times for shops.
  - (2) Such suspension shall—
    - (a) apply to the whole of the State or to such shopping district or districts as are specified in the Proclamation:
    - (b) be in respect of all shops or of shops of such class or classes as are so specified; and
    - (c) be absolute or only upon certain conditions so specified.
- (3) The period of such suspension shall be set out in the Proclamation, and shall in no case exceed one week.

Hours of the clock. 1bid., s. 7. 7. The hours by the clock mentioned in this Act refer to hours post meridiem.

#### PART II.

#### PART II.

## SHOPPING DISTRICTS AND DETERMINATION OF DAY FOR HALF-HOLIDAY.

Existing Shopping Districts. Cf. ibid., s. 10. 1687, 1925, s. 5,

- 8. (1) The Metropolitan Shopping District, the Murray Bridge Shopping District, and all other shopping districts in existence at the commencement of this Act are hereby continued in existence.
- (2) The Murray Bridge Shopping District shall consist of the Hundreds of Burdett and Mobilong.
  - (3) The Metropolitan Shopping District shall consist of—
    - (a) the Municipalities of Adelaide, Brighton, Glenelg, Henley and Grange, Hindmarsh, Kensington and Norwood, Port Adelaide, St. Peters, Thebarton, and Unley;
    - (b) the District Council Districts of Burnside, Campbelltown, Marion, Mitcham, Payneham, Prospect, Walkerville, West Torrens, Woodville, Yatala North, and Yatala South;
    - (c) the Garden Suburb.
- (4) The mention of particular matters in this section shall not affect the applicability to this Act of any provision of the Acts Interpretation Act, 1915.

Half-holidays in certain Districts. Ibid., s. 11. 9. (1) The compulsory weekly half-holiday for shops in the Metropolitan Shopping District shall be Saturday. (2) The

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- (2) The compulsory weekly half-holiday for shops in the Murray 1104, 1912, s. 5. Bridge Shopping District shall, subject to sections 20 to 26 inclusive, be Saturday.
- 10. A petition may be presented to the Minister praying that Petition for the area therein defined may be constituted a shopping district Shopping District. under this Act: Provided that such area-

1062, 1911, e. 12.

- I. shall not include any place within any shopping district 1104, 1912, s. 7. existing at the time of the presentation of the petition, nor within any proposed shopping district as defined by any petition previously presented and not finally dealt with under this Act;
  - 1572, 1923, s. 5. 1687, 1925, s. 5.
- II. shall be a continuous territory, and shall, unless it consists of or comprises a municipality or municipalities, be at least thirty-six square miles in extent: Provided that no area consisting of part only of a municipality or comprising part only of a municipality, shall be constituted a Shopping District.
- (2) Every such petition shall—
  - (a) be in the prescribed form;
  - (b) be signed by a quorum of the electors residing in the proposed shopping district;
  - (c) define the boundaries of the proposed shopping district; and
  - (d) state what weekday it is desired shall be the compulsory half-holiday.
- (3) A petition shall not be presented under this section with regard to any proposed shopping district within three years of the day of the presentation of any other petition under this section with regard to the same proposed shopping district, or a proposed shopping district with substantially the same boundaries.
- (4) For the purpose of this Part of this Act, any district constituted by or under the Renmark Irrigation Trusts Act, 1893, and the Acts amending that Act, shall be deemed to be a district council district, and may be constituted a shopping district under this Act, notwithstanding that it is less than thirty-six square miles in area.
- 11. (1) Upon the presentation of a petition complying with Petition to be subsection (1) and subdivisions (a), (c), and (d) of subsection (2) of Returning Officer section 10, the Minister shall refer the same to the Returning Officer for examination. for the State.

1062, 1911, s. 13. 1104, 1912, s. 8.

- (2) If the said Returning Officer is of opinion that the petition has been duly signed as required by section 10, he shall certify to the Minister in writing that it has been so signed.
- 12. If the Returning Officer certifies as mentioned in section 11, Publication of the Minister shall publish in the Gazette—
  - (a) the Returning Officer's certificate, and

date for counter-petition. 1062, 1911, s. 14. 1572, 1923, s. 6.

(b) a notice in the prescribed form, fixing a time, being not less than four weeks from the date of the publication of the notice, within which a counter-petition praying that the proposed shopping district be not constituted, or that a weekday other than the day stated in the petition shall be the compulsory half-holiday therein, may be presented to the Minister, and shall forthwith upon the publication in the Gazette of the said certificate and notice publish in two newspapers circulating in the proposed shopping district an advertisement in the prescribed form calling attention to the publication in the Gazette of the said certificate and notice and specifying the time fixed by the notice within which a counter-petition may be presented as mentioned in the notice.

Provisions as to counter-petition. 1062, 1911, s. 15. 1104, 1912, s. 9.

- 13. (1) A counter-petition, as mentioned in section 12, signed by a quorum of the electors residing in the proposed shopping district and in the prescribed form, may be presented to the Minister within the time fixed under that section.
- (2) Any such counter-petition so presented shall be referred by the Minister to the Returning Officer for the State who shall certify to the Minister in writing the number of electors residing in the proposed shopping district who have signed such counter-petition.
- (3) The Returning Officer's certificate shall be published by the Minister in the Gazette.

If sufficient counterpetition not presented District may be proclaimed. 1062, 1911, s. 16, 1104, 1912, s. 10.

- 14. (1) Unless within the time fixed under section 12 there is duly presented to the Minister such a counter-petition as mentioned in that section in the prescribed form and signed by a larger number of electors residing in the proposed shopping district than the number who signed the petition, the Governor may by Proclamation constitute the proposed shopping district a shopping district under this Act and assign a name thereto and declare—
  - I. that in that shopping district the compulsory half-holiday shall be the day specified in the petition; and
  - II. the date upon which this Act shall come into operation in the said shopping district, which shall not be earlier than one month from the date of the publication of the *Gazette* containing such Proclamation;

and the said shopping district shall be duly constituted as from that date, and the compulsory half-holiday therein shall be the day declared by the Proclamation; and this Act shall come into operation in the said shopping district on the date so declared.

- (2) When under the foregoing provisions of this section the Governor is empowered to make a Proclamation, the petition shall be deemed to have been finally dealt with—
  - (a) upon the publication of the Proclamation, or

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- (b) if no such Proclamation is published within the period of two months from the expiration of the time fixed under section 12, then at the close of the said period of two months.
- 15. (1) If within the time fixed under section 12 there is duly Counter-petitions. presented to the Minister such a counter-petition as mentioned in 1104, 1912, s. 11. that section, in the prescribed form, signed by a larger number of electors residing in the proposed shopping district than the number of electors who signed the petition, and praying that the proposed shopping district be not constituted, then the petition shall not be granted, and shall be deemed to have been finally dealt with.
- (2) If no such counter-petition, signed as mentioned in subsection (1) hereof, and praying that the proposed shopping district be not constituted, is duly presented to the Minister within the time fixed under section 12 but within that time there is duly presented to him such a counter-petition, signed as mentioned in subsection (1) hereof, and praying that a weekday therein specified other than the day stated in the petition be the compulsory half-holiday, then the Governor may, by Proclamation, constitute the proposed shopping district a shopping district under this Act, and assign a name

thereto, and declare—

- I. subject to subsection (3) hereof, that in the said shopping district the compulsory half-holiday shall be the day specified in the counter-petition, and
- II. the date upon which this Act shall come into operation in the said shopping district, which shall not be earlier than one month from the date of the publication of the Gazette containing the Proclamation;

and the said shopping district shall be duly constituted as from the date declared, the compulsory half-holiday therein shall be the day declared by the Proclamation, and this Act shall come into operation in the said shopping district on the date so declared.

- (3) If, in such a case as provided for in subsection (2) hereof, two or more counter-petitions, each signed as therein mentioned, are duly presented as therein mentioned, and such counter-petitions specify different days for the compulsory half-holiday, then the day specified in such one of the said counter-petitions as is most numerously signed shall, in the Proclamation under subsection (2) hereof, be declared to be the compulsory half-holiday.
- 16. When under the provisions of subsection (2) of section 15 when petition the Governor is empowered to make a Proclamation, the petition finally dealt with. shall be deemed to have been finally dealt with—

lbid., s. 17.

- (a) upon the publication of the Proclamation, or
- (b) if no such Proclamation is published within the period of two months from the expiration of the time fixed under section 12, then at the close of the said period of two months.

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#### Early Closing Act.—1926.

Person signing a petition under section 11 may sign counter-petition as to half-holiday.

1062, 1911, s. 22.

17. When a person has signed a petition under section 10 as to a proposed shopping district, he shall not thereby be disqualified from signing a counter-petition praying that a day other than the day stated in such petition shall be the compulsory half-holiday in such shopping district.

Power of Minister to annex outlying area to Shopping District. Ibid., s. 22A. 1572, 1923, s. 7.

- 18. (1) In any case where, in the opinion of the Minister, it is desirable that any area adjoining a shopping district should be annexed to that shopping district, the Minister—
  - (a) shall publish in the Gazette a notice, in the prescribed form of such his opinion, fixing a time, being not less than six weeks from the date of the publication of the notice, within which a petition praying that the area concerned be not annexed to the district may be presented to the Minister; and
  - (b) shall, forthwith upon the publication in the Gazette of the said notice, publish in two newspapers circulating in the area concerned an advertisement, in the prescribed form, calling attention to the publication in the Gazette of the said notice and specifying the time fixed by the said notice within which a petition may be presented as mentioned in the said notice.
- (2) Unless, within the time fixed under subsection (1) hereof, there is duly presented to the Minister a petition as mentioned in that subsection, in the prescribed form and signed by a majority of the electors residing in the area concerned, the Governor may, by Proclamation, annex that area to the shopping district mentioned in the notice published by the Minister in the Gazette, and thereupon the said area shall be annexed to and form part of the said shopping district.
- (3) If, within the time fixed under subsection (1) hereof, there is duly presented to the Minister a petition as mentioned in that subsection, in the prescribed form, and signed by a majority of the electors residing in the area concerned, then subsection (2) hereof shall not apply.
- (4) The Minister shall refer any petition presented under this section if such petition is in the prescribed form, to the Returning Officer for the State. The said Returning Officer shall certify in writing to the Minister whether or not the petition has been signed by a majority of the electors residing in the area concerned, and the Minister shall publish the certificate in the Gazette.

Change of compulsory half-holiday when outlying area annexed.

Ibid., s. 22s. Ibid., s. 7.

- 19. (1) A petition may be presented to the Minister, praying that the compulsory half-holiday for shops in a shopping district to which an adjoining area has been annexed under section 18 be changed to the weekday specified in the petition.
- (2) A petition under this section may be presented at any time within six months after the making of the Proclamation annexing the adjoining area to the shopping district.

(3) Every

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- (3) Every such petition—
  - (a) shall be in the prescribed form; and
  - (b) shall be signed by a majority of the electors residing in the said shopping district.
- (4) Upon the presentation of a petition under subsection (1) hereof the Minister shall refer the same to the Returning Officer for the State.
- (5) If the Returning Officer is satisfied that the petition has been duly signed as required by subsection (3) hereof he shall certify to the Minister in writing that it has been so signed.
- (6) If the Returning Officer certifies as mentioned in subsection (5) hereof the Minister shall by notice in the prescribed form and published in the Gazette and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district, declare that from the time specified in the notice the compulsory half-holiday shall be changed as prayed by the petition.
- (7) Nothing in this section shall affect the right of any person to present a petition under section 20.

#### Change of Day for Half-Holiday.

20. (1) A petition may be presented to the Minister praying Petition for change that the compulsory weekly half-holiday for shops in a shopping of day for half-holiday. district, other than the Metropolitan Shopping District, be changed to the week day specified in such petition.

1062, 1911, s. 23.

1104, 1912, s. 12. 1572, 1923, s. 8.

1687, 1925, в. 7.

- (2) Every petition under this section—
  - (a) shall be in the prescribed form;
  - (b) shall be signed by a quorum of the electors residing in the said shopping district; and
  - (c) shall not be presented within three years of the day of the presentation of any other petition which has been presented with regard to such shopping district under this section or under section 19, and which has been granted, nor within one year of the day of the presentation of any other petition which has been presented with regard to such district under this section or under section 19, and which has not been granted.
- 21. (1) Upon the presentation of a petition under section 20 the Petition to be Minister shall refer the petition to the Returning Officer for the referred to Return-State.

(2) If the Returning Officer is of opinion that the petition has been duly signed as required by section 20, he shall certify to the Minister in writing that it has been so signed.

ing Officer tor examination.

1062, 1911, s. 24. 1104, 1912, s. 9.

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Minister to publish date for counterpetition.

Ibid., s. 25.

Ibid., s. 13.

1687, 1925, s. 8.

- 22. If the Returning Officer certifies as mentioned in section 21, the Minister shall publish in the *Gazette* and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district—
  - (a) The Returning Officer's certificate, and
  - (b) A notice in the prescribed form fixing a time, being not less than one month from the date of the latest of such publications, within which a counter-petition may be presented praying that the half-holiday be not changed, or that the half-holiday be changed to some day other than the day mentioned in the petition.

If no counterpetition, half-holiday to be changed.
1062, 1911, s. 26.

- 23. (1) Unless within the time fixed under section 22 there is presented to the Minister such a counter-petition as mentioned in section 22, in the prescribed form and signed by as large a number of electors residing in the shopping district as the number who signed the petition, the compulsory half-holiday shall be changed as prayed by the petition.
- (2) Such change shall come into force on a date to be declared by the Minister, by notice in the prescribed form published in the Gazette and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district.
- (3) Such date shall be not earlier than fourteen days from the date of the publication of the *Gazette* containing such notice.

Counter-petition to be referred to Returning Officer. Ibid., s. 27. 24. The provision of section 13, mutatis mutandis, shall apply to and in respect of a counter-petition under section 23 and the Returning Officer's certificate with regard thereto.

Effect of counterpetition.

Ibid., s. 28.

1104, 1912 s 28.

- 25. (1) If within the time fixed under section 22 there is duly presented to the Minister a counter-petition in the prescribed form signed by as large a number of electors residing in the shopping district as the number who signed the petition, praying that the half-holiday be not changed, then the petition shall not be granted.
- (2) If no such counter-petition signed as mentioned in subsection (1) hereof, and praying that the half-holiday be not changed, is duly presented to the Minister within the time fixed under section 22, but within that time there is duly presented to him a counter-petition signed by greater number of electors than the number who signed the petition, praying that the half-holiday be changed to some other day than the day mentioned in the petition, the compulsory half-holiday shall be changed as prayed by the counter-petition.
- (3) Such change shall come into force on a date to be declared by the Minister by notice in the prescribed form published in the Gazette and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district. The date declared under this subsection shall be not earlier than fourteen days from the date of the publication of the Gazette containing such notice.
- (4) If in such a case as provided for in subsection (2) hereof two or more counter-petitions each signed as therein mentioned are duly presented

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presented as therein mentioned, and such counter-petitions specify different days to which the half-holiday should be changed, then the day specified in such one of the said counter-petitions as is most numerously signed shall be the compulsory half-holiday.

26. (1) The Returning Officer for the State may refer any petition Town and district presented under this Part to the town clerk or district clerk of any clerks to assist the Returning Officer in municipality or district council district, which, or part of which, preparing his is comprised within the proposed shopping district defined in the petition, with a request that such clerk will certify what signatories to the petition reside in the municipality or district council district or part, and the total number of electors who reside therein.

certificate. 1104, 1912, s. 16

(2) Thereupon it shall be the duty of the said clerk to furnish the Returning Officer, as soon as practicable with a statement, certifying as requested by the Returning Officer, to the best of his information and belief, and the Returning Officer may, for the purpose of any certificate required of him by the principal Act, assume that the information contained in the statement is correct.

#### PART III.

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#### ADMINISTRATION.

27. The Governor shall appoint a Registrar of Shops for each Registrar of shops. shopping district: Provided that—

1062, 1911, s. 30.

- 1. The Chief Inspector shall be the Registrar for the Metropolitan Shopping District until some (if any) other person is appointed to be such Registrar; and
- II. any Inspector may be appointed to the office of Registrar for a shopping district.
- 28. (1) The Chief Inspector of Factories, appointed under the Inspectors. Industrial Code, 1920, shall be Chief Inspector of Shops.

Ibid., s. 31. 1453, 1920,

- (2) The Governor may appoint so many Inspectors of Shops as he deems necessary.
- 29. (1) Every Inspector and every member of the Police Force Powers of inspectors. may-

Ibid., s. 32.

- (a) enter, inspect, and examine—
  - I. any shop at any time when he has reasonable cause to believe that any person is employed therein:
- II. at all reasonable times any place which he has reasonable cause to believe to be a shop; and
- (b) question with respect to matters under this Act any person found therein. (2) No

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(2) No person shall be bound to answer a question on such an occasion if the answer might incriminate him.

Penalty for obstruction, &c. Ibid., s. 33.

#### 30. No person shall—

- (a) obstruct or interfere with or wilfully delay an inspector or a member of the Police Force in the execution of any of his duties or powers under this Act;
- (b) subject to subsection (2) of section 29, omit to truly answer or reply to a question asked by an inspector or a member of the Police Force under the authority of section 29; or
- (c) directly or indirectly prevent or dissuade, or attempt to prevent or dissuade, any person from appearing before or being questioned by an inspector or a member of the Police Force acting under the authority of section 29.

Penalty—Five Pounds.

#### PART IV.

## PART IV.

#### REGISTRATION OF SHOPS.

Registration of shops.

Ibid., ss. 34, 35, 36, 1572, 1923, s. 9.
1687, 1925, s. 12.

#### **31.** (1) Every person—

- (a) who is in occupation of a shop when this Act comes into operation; or
- (b) who, after this Act comes into operation, goes into occupation of a shop; or
  - (c) who is in occupation of a building or place when it becomes a shop, or when, after a period of disuse, it again becomes a shop,

shall apply to have his shop registered, and so long as he continues to occupy the shop, apply annually as hereinafter provided for renewal of the registration thereof: Provided that any shop registered under any of the Acts repealed by this Act at the time of the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to be registered under this Act.

- (2) Application for registration shall be made—
  - (a) in the prescribed manner; and
  - (b) within the times following:-
    - 1. under subdivision (a) of subsection (1), within twenty-one days after this Act comes into operation:
  - II. under subdivision (b) of the said subsection, within three days after such going into occupation:

III. under

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III. under subdivision (c) of the said subsection, within three days after such building or place becomes or again becomes a shop

and shall be accompanied by the fee required by this Act.

- (3) Application for renewal of registration shall be made-
  - (a) in the prescribed manner; and
  - (b) not later than the thirty-first day of July in each year:

and shall be accompanied by the fee required by this Act.

- (4) Every applicant for registration or renewal of registration of a shop shall furnish the Registrar with such particulars as the Registrar requires or as are prescribed, in order to enable the Registrar to determine to what class the shop belongs; and the Registrar shall register every shop as belonging to the class so determined.
- (5) The determination of the Registrar as to the class to which any shop belongs shall be final; and a document purporting to be a certificate under the hand of the Registrar stating the class to which any shop mentioned in the certificate belongs shall be conclusive evidence of the facts certified.
- 32. Registration or renewal of registration shall be effected by Registration—how the Registrar's entering the prescribed particulars in a register to be Ibid., s. 35. kept by him: Provided that the Registrar shall not effect the Ibid., s. 10. registration or the renewal of the registration of any shop until the fees required by this Act are paid.

- 33. The fees payable in respect of registration and annual renewal Fees for registration of registration shall be those prescribed by the Fourth Schedule to registration. this Act.
- 34. (1) No person shall occupy or use any shop after the expira-Penalties for tion of the time applicable to the particular case, as prescribed by unregistered shops. subsection (2) of section 31, unless that shop is duly registered under New. this Act.

Penalty—Two Pounds for every day during which the unregistered shop is occupied or used.

(2) No person shall occupy or use any shop after the expiration of the time for renewal of the registration of that shop, unless the registration is duly renewed under this Act.

Penalty—Two Pounds for every day during which the shop is occupied or used without renewal as aforesaid after the time for such renewal.

Ibid., s. 35A. Ibid., s. 11.

Ibid., s. 36. Ibid., s. 12.

#### PART V.

#### PART V.

#### TIMES **PROVISIONS** AS TO CLOSING AND WORKING HOURS.

#### Division i.

DIVISION I.—THE CLOSING TIMES.

Closing times. Ibid., s. 37. Ibid., s. 13. 1616, 1924, s. 4.

35. (1) The closing times in every week for all shops except tobacconists' shops shall be as follows:—

(a) In a Saturday Closing District—

six o'clock on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday:

nine o'clock on Friday:

one o'clock on Saturday;

- (b) In a shopping district other than a Saturday Closing Districtone o'clock on the compulsory weekly half-holiday: nine o'clock on Saturday:
  - six o'clock on every other weekday.
- (2) The closing times in every week for tobacconists' shops shall be as follows:-
  - (a) In a Saturday Closing District—

eight o'clock on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday:

nine o'clock on Friday;

- (b) In a shopping district other than a Saturday Closing Districtnine o'clock on Saturday: eight o'clock on every other weekday.
- (3) With respect to butchers' shops within the Metropolitan Shopping District, subsection (1) of this section shall be read as if the words "six o'clock" were substituted for the words "nine o'clock" in paragraph (a) thereof.

Closing times when public holidays occur.

Ibid., s. 38.

Ibid., s. 14.

Ibid., s. 5. 1687, 1925, s. 13.

36. (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3) hereof, whenever a public holiday occurs the following alterations in the closing times shall apply in the case of every shopkeeper, namely:-

- A. In a Saturday Closing District-
- I. when such holiday is kept on a Monday-
  - (a) the compulsory half-holiday need not be kept or allowed in the preceding week; and
  - (b) the closing times in such preceding week shall be six o'clock on the Saturday, but on other days shall remain as provided by section 35;

II. When

PART V. Division 1.

- II. when such holiday is kept on a weekday other than a Monday the compulsory half-holiday need not be kept or allowed in the week in which such holiday is kept;
- III. when such holiday is kept on a Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday, the closing times in such week shall be six o'clock on the Saturday, but on other days shall remain as provided by section 35; and
- IV. when such holiday is kept on a Friday, the closing times in such week shall be nine o'clock on the Thursday and six o'clock on the Saturday, but on other days shall remain as provided by section 35.
- B. In a shopping district other than a Saturday Closing District—
  - I. the compulsory half-holiday need not be kept or allowed in the week in which such holiday is kept;
- II. when such holiday is kept on a Saturday, the closing times in such week shall be six o'clock on the usual day for the compulsory half-holiday, and nine o'clock on the Friday, but on other days shall remain as provided by section 35;
- III. when such holiday is kept on a day other than a Saturday but not on the usual day for the compulsory half-holiday, the closing times in such week shall be six o'clock on the usual day for the compulsory half-holiday, but on other days shall remain as provided by section 35.
- (2) With respect to tobacconists' shops, subsection (1) hereof shall be read as if the words "eight o'clock" were substituted for the words "six o'clock" wherever such last-mentioned words are mentioned therein.
- (3) With respect to butchers' shops within the Metropolitan Shopping District subsection (1) hereof shall be read as if the words six o'clock" were substituted for the words "nine o'clock" in paragraph IV. thereof, and so far as the said butchers' shops are concerned every reference in the said subsection to section 35 shall be deemed a reference to that section as construed with respect to butchers' shops within the Metropolitan Shopping District.

#### DIVISION II.—COMPULSORY CLOSING.

Division ii.

37. (1) Every shopkeeper shall, on each day, close and fasten his Duty to close at shop at the closing time, and keep the same closed and fastened closing time. against the admission of the public for the remainder of the day, 1687, 1925, s. 14. and, in case such day is a Saturday, shall keep the same so closed and fastened until the following Monday morning.

Penalty—For first offence, Ten Pounds; for any subsequent offence, Twenty-five Pounds.

(2) Whenever a public holiday occurs, every shopkeeper shall keep his shop closed and fastened against the admission of the public from the closing time on the day preceding the public holiday, or if

the

PART V.
Division 11.

#### Early Closing Act.—1926.

the public holiday falls on a Monday from the closing time on the previous Saturday, until the morning of the day following the public holiday.

Penalty—For first offence, Ten Pounds; for any subsequent offence, Twenty-five Pounds.

Penalty for selling goods after closing time.
Ibid., s. 40.
1104, 1912, s. 19.
1687, 1925, s. 16.

38. (1) Subject to section 42, no shopkeeper shall, on any day after closing time or on Sunday, or on any public holiday, in, about, or from any shop, sell any goods or offer or expose any goods for sale or, except as permitted by subsection (3) hereof or section 41, deliver any goods or cause or permit any goods to be delivered.

Penalty—For first offence, Ten Pounds; for any subsequent offence Twenty-five Pounds.

Goods exposed in window.
New.

- (2) While a shop is closed in accordance with section 37, goods exposed in a window thereof, and the only access to which goods is from the inside of the shop, shall not, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to be exposed for sale.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything in this section, any shopkeeper may, within one hour after the closing time on any day, deliver to customers, elsewhere than at his shop, goods bought by such customers before the closing time.

Assistants to be allowed half-holiday. Ibid., s. 41.

39. Every shopkeeper shall, on the compulsory half-holiday in every week, allow such half-holiday from one o'clock to each shop assistant employed in or about or engaged in connection with the shop.

Penalty—For first offence, Ten Pounds; for any subsequent offence, Twenty-five Pounds.

Suspension of s. 39 of this Act. Ibid., s. 41A. 1572, 1923, s. 16.

- 40. (1) The Minister, or any officer authorised by the Minister to grant suspensions under this section, may on the application of any shopkeeper in the Metropolitan Shopping District, suspend the operation of section 39 for one Saturday in any year in respect of such shopkeeper's shop: Provided that—
  - (a) No suspension under this section shall be granted unless the Minister, or such officer as aforesaid, is satisfied that the suspension is required only for the purpose of permitting shop assistants to engage or assist in stocktaking;
  - (b) Every suspension granted under this section shall be void unless the shop in respect of which the same is granted is kept closed on the morning of the Saturday for which the suspension is issued;
  - (c) Every suspension shall be subject to such conditions, if any, as the Minister or officer granting the same imposes, either by the notice of suspension or by subsequent notice signed by him; and

(d) Every

PART V. Division ii.

- (d) Every such suspension shall be, and be deemed always to have been, void unless the shopkeeper of the shop in respect of which the suspension is granted pays any shop assistants employed by him after the closing time at a rate not less than one and a half times the ordinary rates of wages paid to those shop assistants: Provided that no shop assistant so employed after the closing time shall receive less than Five Shillings as payment for such employment on any day.
- (2) A fee of Two Shillings and Sixpence for every suspension under this section shall be paid to the Minister or officer granting the same.

#### 41. No shopkeeper shall—

(a) require or, subject to section 42, permit or suffer any shop assistant to work for him, either in or about the shop Ibid. s. 42. or elsewhere, after the closing time on any day:

Assistant not to be required to work or remain after fixed

1104, 1912, s. 20.

(b) require or permit or suffer any shop assistant to be or remain in or about the business portion of the shop after thirty minutes after the closing time on any day: Provided that any shopkeeper may, on any day, permit or suffer any shop assistant who is engaged in delivering goods carried from his shop, and who has left such shop with such goods not later than one hour before the closing time for such day, to be engaged, within one hour after such closing time, in the delivery to customers, elsewhere than at such shop, of goods bought by such customers before such closing time, and in returning to the shop and stabling or putting away any animal, vehicle, or thing used by him for the purposes of such delivery.

Penalty—For first offence, Ten Pounds; for any subsequent offence, Twenty-five Pounds.

42. Notwithstanding anything in this Act, it shall be lawful for Quarter hours shopkeeper or shop assistant to be engaged on any day for fifteen grace for certain purposes on halfminutes after the closing time in—

holiday.

- I. serving customers actually inside the shop at the closing Ibid. s. 21. time; or
  - Ibid., s. 43.

- II. adjusting goods in the shop; or
- III. closing the shop.

#### 43. No shop assistant shall—

Restrictions upon assistante.

- (a) work for his employer, either in or about the shop or else- Ibid., s. 44, where, after the closing time on any day, except when Ibid., s. 22, and as allowed by section 42; or

(b) be or remain in or about the business portion of the shop after thirty minutes after the closing time on any day.

Penalty—Two Pounds.

44. (1) The

PART V. Division ii.

## Early Closing Act.—1926.

Power to suspend operation of sections 41 and 43. Ibid., s. 45. Ibid., s. 23. 1572, 1923, s. 17.

- **44.** (1) The Minister, or any officer authorised by the Minister to grant suspensions under this section, may, on being satisfied of the necessity therefor, by notice signed by him, suspend the operation of sections 41 and 43—
  - (a) as regards any shop; or
  - (b) as regards all shops of a particular class situated in any particular shopping district; or
  - (c) as regards any person or persons.
- (2) No such suspension shall apply in respect of any period exceeding six consecutive week days.
- (3) Every such suspension shall be subject to such conditions, if any, as the Minister or officer granting the same imposes, either by the notice of suspension or by subsequent notice signed by him.
- (4) The Minister, or any officer authorised by the Minister to revoke suspensions granted under this section, may, upon being satisfied that a breach of any condition to which any such suspension is subject has taken place in or in connection with any shop, or with respect to any person, revoke the suspension as regards that shop or person by notice delivered or posted to the shopkeeper or person concerned.
- (5) Any person who commits a breach of any condition to which any such suspension is subject, shall be guilty of an offence against

Penalty—In the case of a shopkeeper, Ten Pounds; in the case of any other person, Two Pounds.

(6) When any suspension is granted under this section as regards any particular shop or shops or as regards any particular person or persons, a fee of Two Shillings and Sixpence for every such suspension shall be paid to the Minister or officer granting the same.

Penalty for entering shop after closing time.

Ibid., s. 46.

1572, 1923, s. 18.

1687, 1925, s. 16.

Sunday trading.

Ibid., s. 47.

Ibid., s. 19.

Ibid., s. 17.

**45.** No person shall enter any shop on any weekday after closing time or on Sunday or any public holiday for the purpose of buying or receiving goods therein.

Penalty—Five Pounds.

- **46.** (1) No shopkeeper shall upon any Sunday or any public holiday—
  - (a) carry on any business in any shop; or
  - (b) open or keep open any shop for the purpose of carrying on any business.

Penalty—For first offence, Ten Pounds; for any subsequent offence, Twenty-five Pounds.

(2) The presence in any shop on a Sunday or a public holiday of any person other than the shopkeeper of such shop or a member of his family shall be conclusive evidence of a breach by such shopkeeper of the provisions of this section.

(3) The

PART V. Division II.

- (3) The provisions of this section are in addition to, and shall not be deemed to derogate from, the provisions of any other enactment or any other law as to Sunday trading or Sunday observance.
- 47. (1) The Chief Inspector upon being satisfied that a proper Licences for trading case exists for the exercise of the power hereby conferred upon him, certain purposes. may grant a licence-

after closing time for 1104, 1912, s. 24.

- r. permitting the exposing for sale and the sale and delivery of goods the proceeds whereof are to be devoted to any benevolent, charitable religious, or public purpose, or in aid of any friendly or benefit society; or
- II. permitting a bona fide commercial traveller or agent representing a wholesale house to expose samples for purposes merely of securing wholesale orders for goods, but for no other purpose; or
- III. permitting the sale and delivery of goods for provisioning any ship;

after the closing times.

- (2) Every licence so granted shall state the purpose for which it is granted, and shall be subject to such conditions as are set out therein and may be for any term not exceeding one year.
- (3) A fee of Two Shillings and Sixpence shall be paid for every such licence.
- (4) Any such licence may provide that the provisions of Part IV. of this Act, as to the registration of shops, shall not apply in respect of the place in which goods are offered or exposed for sale pursuant to such licence.
- (5) Any such licence shall render lawful anything done or omitted in accordance with the terms thereof: Provided that if anything is done or omitted in excess of such terms or in any way contrary to any condition thereof, such licence shall immediately become, and continue to be, of no effect.
- (6) The holder of a licence granted under this section shall produce the same for examination whenever demanded by an inspector or any member of the Police Force, and any person acting, or purporting to act, under the authority of a licence so granted, who fails to produce such licence when demanded as aforesaid shall be deemed to be unlicensed.
- **48.** (1) The Chief Inspector, on being satisfied that a proper case Auctioneer may exists for the exercise of the power hereby conferred upon him, may grant a licence permitting any goods to be sold, offered or exposed for country districts. sale by auction at any time after the closing time fixed by Division 1572, 1923, s. 28. 1. of Part V. of this Act for shops other than tobacconists' shops.

obtain licence to sell after hours in

- (2) Every licence so granted shall be subject to such conditions as are set out therein, and shall specify the time or times, the day or days, and the goods, in respect of which it is granted. Such goods may be so specified either generally or particularly.
- (3) A fee of Two Shillings and Sixpence shall be paid for every such licence. (4) Any

PART V. Division II.

#### Early Closing Act.—1926.

- (4) Any such licence shall render lawful anything done or omitted in accordance with the terms thereof: Provided that if anything is done or omitted in excess of such terms or in any way contrary to any condition thereof, such licence shall immediately become, and continue to be, of no effect.
- (5) The holder of a licence granted under this section shall produce the same for examination whenever demanded by an inspector or any member of the Police Force, and any person acting or purporting to act under a licence so granted, who fails to produce the licence when demanded as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be unlicensed.
- (6) The provisions of this section shall not apply within the Metropolitan Shopping District.

Licences to sell petrol and oil after 1572, 1923, a. 29,

- **49.** (1) The Minister may, upon the application of any shopkeeper, grant a licence to such shopkeeper permitting him to sell motor spirit and lubricants for motor vehicles on weekdays after the closing time and on Sunday.
- (2) Every such licence shall specify the shop in respect of which it is granted and shall be subject to such restrictions as to the hours and place of sale, and the employment of shop assistants in connection with such sale, and to such other conditions as to payment of fees and otherwise as are prescribed for licences under this section, and shall in all cases upon failure to observe or breach of any of the restrictions or conditions thereof forthwith be and be deemed always to have been void.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act it shall be lawful for the holder of any such licence to offer and expose for sale and to sell motor spirit and lubricants at the hours mentioned in the licence, and to keep his shop open at those hours, and to employ shop assistants at those hours, according to the tenor of the licence.
- (4) If the Minister considers that any licence granted under this section has been abused in any way or to any extent, he may in the exercise of his absolute and uncontrolled discretion, by notice signed by him and delivered personally to or served by post on the holder thereof cancel the licence and thereupon the licence shall be absolutely void.
- (5) The provisions of sections 39, 41, and 43 of this Act shall not apply to any shop in respect of which a licence under this section is granted: But section 50 of this Act shall apply to every such shop as if the same were an exempted shop.
- (6) Any person alleged in any complaint to be the holder of a licence under this section shall for all purposes connected with and in all proceedings under or upon such complaint be deemed to be the holder of such licence unless he, at the hearing of such complaint, satisfies the Special Magistrate or Justices to the contrary.

## DIVISION III.—HALF-HOLIDAYS IN EXEMPTED SHOPS.

- **50.** The following provisions as to a compulsory half-holiday shall apply as regards exempted shops and tobacconists' shops:—
- (1) Every shopkeeper shall on some one weekday in each week allow to each shop assistant employed by him a half-holiday from one o'clock. Penalty

Division iii.

Half-holiday in exempted shops. Ihid., s. 48. 1572, 1923, s. 20.

PART V. Division III.

#### Early Closing Act.—1926.

- Penalty-For first offence, Ten Pounds: for any subsequent offence, Twenty-five Pounds.
- (2) No such shopkeeper shall require or permit or suffer any shop assistant, after one o'clock on the half-holiday of such assistant—
  - (a) to work for him either in or about the shop or elsewhere: or
- (b) to be or remain in or about the business portion of the shop. Penalty—For first offence, Ten Pounds; for any subsequent offence, Twenty-five Pounds.
- (3) No such shop assistant shall, after one o'clock on his halfholiday-
  - (a) work for his employer either in or about the shop or elsewhere; or
- (b) be or remain in or about the business portion of the shop. Penalty—Two Pounds.
- (4) In this section "shop assistant" includes any person engaged in or in connection with the business of or carried on in the shop.
- (5) For the purposes of this Division of this Part any person engaged in the business of milk-seller shall be deemed to be a shopkeeper, notwithstanding that he does not carry on such business in or in connection with any shop as defined by section 4.
- 51. (1) A petition may be presented to the Minister by a Petition for adopmajority of the aggregate number of shopkeepers of, and shop tion of the general half-holiday as assistants employed in or about or engaged in connection with, any regards exempted class of exempted shops specified in such petition which are situated in the shopping district specified in such petition, pray-

Ibid., s. 49.

- (a) that the provisions of section 50 shall cease to apply to shops of the specified class; and
- (b) that the compulsory half-holiday for shops other than exempted shops in the shopping district shall be a compulsory half-holiday as regards shops of the said class.
- (2) Every such petition shall be in the prescribed form and be verified in the prescribed manner.
- (3) No petition shall be presented under this section, with regard to any class of shops, within three years of the presentation of a petition under this section with regard to the same class of shops situated in the same shopping district.
- 52. (1) Upon the presentation of a petition under section 51, the Reference of petition Minister shall refer the same to the Registrar for the shopping examination. district, who shall examine the signatures thereto.
- (2) If the Registrar is of opinion that the petition has been signed by a majority of the shopkeepers of the class of shops specified therein which are situated in the shopping district, he shall certify to the Minister in writing that it has been so signed.

Ibid., s. 50.

PART V.
DIVISION III.

#### Early Closing Act.—1926.

(3) If the Registrar is of opinion that the petition has not been signed, as mentioned in subsection (2) hereof, but that it has been duly signed as required by section 51, he shall certify to the Minister in writing that it has been so signed.

Effect of petition if signed by majority of shopkeepers.
Ibid., s. 51.

- 53. (1) If the Registrar certifies as mentioned in subsection (2) of section 52, the Minister shall, by a notice in the prescribed form published in the Gazette and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district, declare that, in every week after a date fixed by the notice, all shops of such class situated in that shopping district shall be closed at one o'clock on the day specified in the notice (being the compulsory half-holiday for shops other than exempted shops), and that that day shall be a compulsory weekly half-holiday as regards the said shops.
- (2) The date fixed by the notice shall be not earlier than fourteen days after the publication of the *Gazette* containing the notice.

Procedure when petition not signed by majority of shopkeepers.
Ibid., s. 52.
1104, 1912, s. 25.

- **54.** If the Registrar certifies as mentioned in subsection (3) of section 52, the Minister shall publish in the *Gazette* and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district—
  - (a) the Registrar's certificate, and
  - (b) a notice in the prescribed form fixing a time, being not less than one month from the date of the latest of such publications, within which a counter-petition, signed by shopkeepers of the class of shops specified in the petition which are situated in the shopping district, and praying that the petition be not granted, may be presented to the Minister.

Procedure if counter-petition presented.
Ibid., s. 53, 54.
Ibid., s. 26.

- 55. (1) If within the time fixed by the notice under section 54 a counter-petition as mentioned in that section, and in the prescribed form, is presented to the Minister, he shall refer such counter-petition to the Registrar.
- (2) The Registrar shall thereupon examine the signatures to the counter-petition, and shall certify in writing to the Minister whether it has, or has not, been signed by at least three-fifths of the shop-keepers of shops of the class specified in the petition, which are situated within the shopping district.
- (3) If the Registrar certifies that the counter-petition has been signed as mentioned in subsection (2) of this section, the petition shall not be granted.
- (4) If the Registrar certifies that the counter-petition has not been so signed, or if no counter-petition as mentioned in section 54, and in the prescribed form, is presented to the Minister within the time fixed by the notice under that section, the Minister shall, by a notice in the prescribed form published in the Gazette and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district, declare as provided by section 53.

PART V. DIVISION III.

- (5) The date fixed by the last-mentioned notice shall be not earlier than fourteen days after the publication of the Gazette containing the notice.
  - 56. From the date fixed by a notice under section 53 or 55—

Effect of notice. Ibid., s. 55.

- (a) section 50 shall cease to apply to shops of the class mentioned in the notice situated in the shopping district mentioned in the notice:
- (b) one o'clock shall in every week be the closing time of the said shops on the compulsory half-holiday mentioned in the notice; and
- (c) sections 37 to 45, inclusive, shall apply to and in respect of the said shops on the said half-holiday in every week.

#### DIVISION IV.—How A CLASS OF SHOPS MAY CEASE TO BE EXEMPTED.

Division iv.

57. (1) A petition may be presented to the Minister by a Petition for class of majority of the aggregate number of shopkeepers of, and shop shops to cease to be exempted. assistants employed in or about or engaged in connection with, any Ibid., s. 56. class of exempted shops specified in the petition, which are situated 1572, 1923, s. 21. in the shopping district specified in the petition, praying—

- (a) that shops of the class specified shall cease to be exempted shops; and
- (b) that the closing times of those shops shall be the times specified in the petition; and
- (c) that the goods specified in the petition shall cease to be exempted goods.
- (2) Every such petition shall be in the prescribed form and shall state the proposed closing times of the shops for the various weekdays, and the goods which strictly pertain to the principal business carried on in the shops, and shall be verified in the prescribed manner.
- (3) No petition shall be presented under this section, with regard to any class of shops, within three years of the presentation of a petition under this section with regard to the same class of shops situated in the same shopping district.
- 58. (1) Upon the presentation of a petition under section 57 Procedure on the Minister shall refer the same to the Registrar for the shopping presentation of petition. district, who shall examine the signatures thereto.

Ibid., s. 57.

- (2) If the Registrar is of opinion that the petition has been signed by a majority of the shopkeepers of the class of shops specified therein which are situated in the shopping district, he shall certify to the Minister in writing that it has been so signed.
- (3) If the Registrar is of opinion that the petition has not been signed as mentioned in subsection (2) hereof, but that it has been duly signed as required by section 57, he shall certify to the Minister in writing that it has been so signed.

PART V.
DIVISION IV.

#### Early Closing Act.—1926.

If petition signed by majority of shopkeepers, effect to be given thereto. Ibid., s. 58. 1572, 1923, s. 22.

- 59. If the Registrar certifies as mentioned in subsection (2) of section 58, the Minister shall, by a notice in the prescribed form published in the *Gazette* and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district, declare—
  - (a) that from a date fixed by such notice, shops of the class specified in the petition which are situated in the said shopping district, shall cease to be exempted shops within the meaning and for the purposes of this Act; and
  - (b) the closing times for the said shops on the various weekdays, which times shall be those stated in the petition; and
  - (c) that, from the said date fixed by the notice, the goods specified in the notice shall cease to be exempted goods, which goods shall be such of the goods specified in the petition as the Minister is satisfied strictly pertain to the principal business carried on in shops of the class specified in the petition.

Procedure when petition not signed by majority of shopkeepers.
Ibid., s. 59.
1104, 1912, s. 27.

- 60. If the Registrar certifies as mentioned in subsection (3) of section 58, the Minister shall publish in the *Gazette* and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district—
  - (a) the Registrar's certificate, and
  - (b) a notice in the prescribed form, fixing a time, being not less than one month from the date of the latest of such publications, within which a counter-petition, signed by shopkeepers of the class of shops specified in the petition, which are situated in the shopping district, and praying that the petition be not granted, may be presented to the Minister.

Procedure if counter-petition presented. Ibid., s. 60. Ibid., s. 28.

- 61. (1) If within the time fixed by the notice under section 60 a counter-petition as mentioned in that section, and in the prescribed form, is presented to the Minister, he shall refer the counter-petition to the Registrar.
- (2) The Registrar shall thereupon examine the signatures to the counter-petition, and shall certify in writing to the Minister whether it has, or has not, been signed by at least three-fifths of the shop-keepers of shops of the class specified in the petition, which are situated within the shopping district.

Effect of counterpetition.
Ibid., s. 61.
Ibid., s. 28.

- 62. (1) If the Registrar certifies that the counter-petition has been signed as mentioned in subsection (2) of section 61, the petition shall not be granted.
- (2) If the Registrar certifies that the counter-petition has not been so signed, or if no counter-petition as mentioned in section 60 and in the prescribed form, is presented to the Minister within the time fixed by the notice under that section, the Minister shall, by a notice in the prescribed form, published in the *Gazette* and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district, declare as provided by section 59.

PART V. Division iv.

- (3) The date fixed by the last-mentioned notice shall be not earlier than fourteen days after the publication of the Gazette containing the notice.
- 63. From the date fixed by a notice under section 59 Effect of notice. or 62--

Гbid., в. 62. 1572, 1923, s. 23.

- (a) all shops of the class mentioned in the notice, which are situated in the shopping district, shall cease to be exempted shops within the meaning and for the purposes of this Act; and
- (b) the closing times of such shops shall be the times declared in the notice; and
- (c) the goods specified in the notice shall cease to be exempted goods within the meaning and for the purposes of this Act, at all times when shops of the class mentioned in the notice which are situated in the shopping district are required to be kept closed and fastened against the admission of the public.
- 64. (1) Where any class of shops which are situated in any Provision with shopping district ceased to be exempted before the twenty-third day respect to shops ceasing to be of December, nineteen hundred and eleven (being the date of the exempted before passing of The Early Closing Act, 1911), the Minister may, by notice passing of Act 1062, in the prescribed form published in the Gazette and in two news- 1572, 1923, s. 24. papers circulating in the shopping district, declare the goods which strictly pertain to the principal business carried on in the said shops, and that, from a date fixed by the notice, the said goods shall cease to be exempted goods.

- (2) Upon the publication of the notice, the declaration shall, mutatis mutandis, have the same force and effect as if it had been made in the notice under section 59 or section 62 of this Act with respect to the said class of shops.
- 65. Notwithstanding any notice under section 53, 55, 59, or Prescribed medicines 62, or any provision of this Act, when any such notice applies to in any case. chemists' and druggists' shops, it shall still be lawful for the shop- Ibid., s. 63. keeper of any such shop, or his accredited representative, situated in the shopping district, at any time and on any weekday or Sunday, to dispense and sell medicine and to open his shop for that purpose, and for any person to enter the shop for the purpose of obtaining medicine: Provided that —

- I. nothing else is sold or delivered on such occasion;
- II. the shop is not kept open or unfastened after the delivery of the medicine.
- 66. (1) The times set out in any petition under section 57 of this Petition under Act may make provision for re-opening times and re-closing times, apply for reas well as for closing times; and in such case, if, under Division IV. opening and of Part V. of this Act, shops of the class specified in the petition, well as for closing

re-closing times, as which times. 1104, 1912, s. 29.

PART V. Division IV.

Early Closing Act.—1926.

which are situated in any shopping district, cease to be exempted shops, sections 37, 38, 41, 43, and 45 of this Act shall cease to apply in respect of those shops at and from any such re-opening time for any day, but shall again apply at and from any such re-closing time for such day.

(2) Any such petition may also as regards chemists' and druggists' shops make provision for opening and closing and re-opening and re-closing times on Sundays; and in such case, if, under the said Division IV., shops of the class specified in the petition which are situated in any shopping district, cease to be exempted shops, sections 37 and 46 of this Act shall cease to apply in respect of those shops at and from any such opening or re-opening time on Sundays, but shall again apply at and from any such closing or re-closing time on Sundays.

#### DIVISION V.

DIVISION V.—ALTERATION OF CLOSING TIMES IN SHOPS WHICH HAVE CEASED TO BE EXEMPTED.

Petition for change of closing time in shops which have ceased to be exempt. 1687, 1925, s. 18.

- 67. (1) When any class of shops has ceased to be exempted pursuant to Division IV. of Part V. of this Act, and closing times with or without re-opening and re-closing times have been fixed for those shops pursuant to the said Part, a petition may be presented to the Minister by a majority of the aggregate number of shopkeepers of and shop assistants employed in or about or engaged in connection with those shops praying that the closing times and if desired the re-opening and re-closing times shall be altered to those mentioned in the petition.
- (2) Every such petition shall be in the prescribed form and shall be verified in the prescribed manner.
- (3) If a petition presented under this section with regard to any class of shops is granted no further petition with regard to the same class of shops situated in the same shopping district shall be presented within three years of the presentation of the petition presented as aforesaid.
- (4) If a petition presented under this section with regard to any class of shops is not granted no further petition with regard to the same class of shops situated in the same shopping district shall be presented within one year of the date of the petition as aforesaid.
- (5) The closing times specified in a petition under this section shall not be later than those in force in the shopping district to which the petition relates at the time of the presentation of such petition.

Procedure when petition presented. Ibid., s. 19.

- 68. (1) Upon the presentation of a petition under the next preceding section the Minister shall refer the same to the Registrar for the shopping district, who shall examine the signatures thereto.
- (2) If the Registrar is of opinion that the petition has been signed by a majority of the shopkeepers of the class of shops specified therein

PART V. DIVISION V.

therein which are situated in the shopping district, he shall certify to the Minister in writing that it has been so signed.

- (3) If the Registrar is of opinion that the petition has not been signed as mentioned in subsection (2) hereof, but that it has been signed as required by the next preceding section, he shall certify to the Minister in writing that it has been so signed.
- 69. (1) If the Registrar certifies as mentioned in subsection (2) of Effect of petition. the next preceding section, the Minister shall, by a notice in the Ibid., s. 20. prescribed form published in the Gazette and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district declare that the closing times, and if the case requires, the re-opening and re-closing times of the shops mentioned in the petition shall be altered as prayed by the petition.

- (2) If the Registrar certifies as mentioned in subsection (3) of the next preceding section the Minister shall publish in the Gazette and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district—
  - (a) the Registrar's certificate; and
  - (b) a notice in the prescribed form,

fixing a time, being not less than one month from the latest of such publications, within which a counter-petition, signed by shopkeepers of the class of shops specified in the petition, which are situated in the shopping district, and praying that the petition be not granted, may be presented to the Minister.

70. (1) If within the time fixed by the notice under the next Procedure on and preceding section a counter-petition as mentioned in that section, effect of counter-petition. and in the prescribed form, is presented to the Minister, he shall Ibid., s. 21. refer such counter-petition to the Registrar.

- (2) The Registrar shall thereupon examine the signatures to the counter-petition, and shall certify in writing to the Minister whether it has, or has not been signed by at least three-fifths of the shopkeepers of shops of the class specified in the petition, which are situated within the shopping district.
- (3) If the Registrar certifies that the counter-petition has been signed as mentioned in subsection (2) the petition shall not be granted.
- (4) If the Registrar certifies that the counter-petition has not been so signed, or if no counter-petition as mentioned in the next preceding section, and in the prescribed form, is presented to the Minister within the time fixed by the notice under that section, the Minister shall, by a notice in the prescribed form, published in the Gazette and in two newspapers circulating in the shopping district, declare as provided by the next preceding section
- 71. The provisions of section 74 of this Act shall apply with Persons entitled to respect to petitions and counter-petitions under sections 68 and 70 sign petitions under this Act, of this Act.

Ibid., s. 22.

PART V.

Early Closing Act.—1926.

Division vi.

DIVISION VI.—ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS AS TO THE CLOSING OF SHOPS.

Only exempted goods to be sold after hours.
Cf. 1572, 1923, s. 4.

72. (1) If in, about, or from any shop any goods, not being exempted goods, are sold or offered or exposed for sale on any weekday after the closing time fixed by this Act for shops other than tobacconists' shops, or on Sunday, the shopkeeper of such shop shall be guilty of an offence against this Act.

Penalty—For first offence, Ten Pounds; for any subsequent offence, Twenty-five Pounds.

(2) In the case of any shop, the last preceding subsection shall be construed relatively to the shopping district in which that shop is situate.

If shop open, goods exposed to view deemed to be exposed for sale.

- (3) In any proceedings for an offence against this section, evidence—
  - (a) that the shop was open; and
  - (b) that goods were exposed to view in the shop or in a window thereof, or were in a cupboard, showcase, or other container, which window, cupboard, show-case, or container was not locked, or were covered or screened merely with a cloth, paper, or other similar material,

shall be conclusive evidence that such goods were exposed for sale.

For purpose of certificate only registered shops to be regarded. 1104, 1912, s. 30.

73. For the purpose of any certificate required by section 52, 55, 58, or 61 of this Act, the Registrar shall have regard only to the shopkeepers of such shops as are, at the time, registered under Part IV. of this Act, and to the shop assistants employed in or about or engaged in connection with the shops so registered.

Petition as to exempted shops only to be signed by person who has notified his class of shop. Ibid., s. 31. 1687, 1925, s. 11.

- 74. (1) No shopkeeper shall be entitled to sign a petition or counter-petition under section 51, 54, 57, or 60 of this Act, unless he has, by notice signed by him and in the prescribed form, and delivered to the Registrar for the shopping district in which his shop is situated, stated to which class of exempted shops his shop belongs.
- (2) Notices delivered by a shopkeeper under subsection (1) of this section may state different classes of shops: Provided that—
  - (a) not more than one class is stated in respect of one and the same shop; and
  - (b) the shops to which the notices relate are not situated in the same building nor in adjoining buildings.
- (3) When a shopkeeper has by a notice under this section stated that any shop belongs to a class of exempted shops, no notice under this section whereby he states that such shop belongs to another

class

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#### Early Closing Act.—1926.

class of exempted shops shall be valid, if the last-mentioned notice is delivered within a period of three years—

- (a) from the date of the delivery of the notice first mentioned in this subsection; or
- (b) from the presentation of a petition under section 51 or 57 of this Act with respect to shops of the class mentioned in the said first-mentioned notice, which are situated in the same shopping district as such shop:

Provided that this subsection shall not apply to any person who has delivered a notice stating that his shop belongs to the class of (heretofore) exempted shops consisting of tobacconists shops.

- (4) No shop assistant shall be entitled to sign a petition under section 51 or 57 of this Act, unless he has by notice signed by himself and in the prescribed form, and delivered to the Registrar for the shopping district in which the shop in, or in connection with, which he is employed, is situated, stated in which, or in connection with which, of the classes of exempted shops he is employed.
- (5) When a shop assistant has by a notice under this section declared that he is employed in, or in connection with, a shop of any class, no notice under this section whereby he states that he is employed in, or in connection with, a class of exempted shops other than that mentioned in the first-mentioned notice shall be valid, if the last-mentioned notice is delivered within a period of three years—
  - (a) from the date of the delivery of the notice first mentioned in this subsection, or
  - (b) from the presentation of a petition under section 51 or 57 of this Act with respect to shops of the class mentioned in the said first-mentioned notice which are situated in the same shopping district as the shop in or in connection with which he was employed at the time of the delivery of the said first-mentioned notice.
- (6) The Registrar for each shopping district shall note in the register kept by him all statements made by valid notices under this section, and for the purposes of any certificate required by section 52, 55, 58, or 61 of this Act the Registrar shall not have regard to any shopkeeper or shop assistant who, under the provisions of this section, is not entitled to sign the petition or counter-petition to which such certificate relates.
- (7) For the purposes of this section, each of the divisions of the Third Schedule to this Act, numbered 1 to 13 respectively, shall be deemed to refer to one class of exempted shops.
- (8) No person shall sign any petition or counter-petition which, by reason of the provisions of this section he is not entitled to sign nor shall any person sign any petition or counter-petition unless he is under the provisions of section 51, 54, 57, or 60 of this Act (according to the circumstances of the case), qualified to sign such petition or counter-petition.

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DIVISION VI.

## Early Closing Act.—1926.

Preservation of half-holiday when shop ceases to be exempt pursuant to petition. Ibid., s. 32. 75. Whenever, under Division IV. of Part V. of this Act any shop ceases to be an exempted shop, and the closing times for that shop do not provide for the closing thereof at or before one o'clock on some weekday in every week and for keeping such shop closed for the remainder of such day, the provisions of section 50 of this Act shall, notwithstanding anything in this Act, apply to that shop in the same manner as if it were still an exempted shop.

Half-holiday for assistants in restaurants, &c., may commence at 2 o'clock.

Ibid., s. 33.

76. Notwithstanding anything in this Act, it shall be lawful for shop assistants, whose ordinary employment, or part of whose ordinary employment, is the preparation or serving of meals or refreshments, to be so employed until two o'clock on any day, and as regards any such case, sections 50 and 75 of this Act shall be read as if "two o'clock" were substituted for "one o'clock" wherever "one o'clock" is mentioned.

Special provision for tobacconists' goods between six o'clock and eight o'clock.
1572, 1923, s. 27.

77. On any weekday from the closing time for shops other than exempted shops until the closing time for tobacconists' shops, the goods mentioned in the Fifth Schedule shall be deemed to be exempted goods within the meaning of and for the purposes of this Act.

Division VI.

Division VI.—Limitation of Working Hours of Young Persons.

Limitation of hours of employment for young persons. Ibid., s. 64.

- 78. (1) No shopkeeper shall employ in or about, or engage in connection with, any shop a person under the age of sixteen years—
  - (a) for more than fifty-two hours in any week; or
  - (b) for more than nine hours in any day except on one day in a week, when such employment may extend to eleven hours.

Penalty—For first offence, Ten Pounds; for any subsequent offence, Twenty-five Pounds.

- (2) The Minister may, by writing under his hand, as regards any person named therein, extend the limit fixed by subdivision (b) of subsection (1) to twelve hours, but no such extension shall apply in respect of more than forty days in any year.
- (3) Where any shop is a factory within the meaning of the Industrial Code, 1920, and the limitations upon the hours of employment fixed by this section conflict with or differ from the limitations upon the hours of employment of persons under sixteen years of age fixed by or under the said Act, the last-mentioned limitations shall prevail.

PART VI.

### PART VI. LEGAL PROCEDURE.

Offences to be reported to Minister, who may direct prosecution.

Ibid., s. 65.

- 79. (1) Every offence against this Act shall be reported to the Minister.
- (2) No proceedings for any such offence shall be taken without the consent in writing of the Minister. (3) Such

PART VI.

- (3) Such consent may be proved by the production of a document in the form in the Sixth Schedule, or to the like effect, purporting to be signed by the Minister.
- (4) Proceedings may be taken by an inspector or by a member of the Police Force.
- 80. (1) In proceedings in respect of offences against this Act Onus of proof. the onus shall be on the defendant to prove—

Ibid., s. 66. 1104, 1912, s. 34.

1572, 1923, s. 25,

- I. that the person, firm, company, corporate body, or association named in the complaint is not the shopkeeper:
- II. that the goods alleged in the complaint to have been sold, or offered, or exposed for sale, were not sold, or offered, or exposed for sale:
- III. that a person named in the complaint as being a shop assistant of the defendant, or of any other person, was not such an assistant:
- IV. that a shop mentioned in the complaint as being within a specified shopping district is not therein:
- v. that the complainant is not an inspector or a member of the Police Force:
- VI. that any place alleged to be or to have been a shop is not or was not a shop within the meaning of this Act.
- (2) The allegations contained in the complaint for an offence against this Act shall be deemed proved in the absence of satisfactory proof by the defendant to the contrary.
- (3) In any proceedings for an offence against section 38 or section Presence in shop of 46 the presence at the time of the alleged offence in or on any building goods evidence of or premises, of which the shop mentioned in the complaint forms a part, of any person (other than the shopkeeper of the said shop or a member of his family) who has in his possession any goods of a class usually sold in, about, or from such shop, under such circumstances as to raise in the mind of the Court a reasonable suspicion that the goods were sold or delivered in or on such building or premises shall be sufficient evidence of the offence alleged in the complaint so as to support a conviction unless the Court is satisfied that the goods were not sold or delivered in or on the building or premises in contravention of the provisions of this Act.

customer with sale in some cases.

81. If a person is shown to have been employed or to have been Presumption in present at, in, or about a shop or place, or to have been engaged in Ibid., s. 67. connection with a shop or place, under such circumstances as in the opinion of the Court adjudicating raise a suspicion that such employment or engagement was contrary to this Act, the offence charged shall be deemed proved in the absence of satisfactory proof by the defendant to the contrary.

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#### Early Closing Act.—1926.

Responsibility of persons actually committing offences. Ibid., s. 68.

82. Where an offence for which a shopkeeper is liable to a penalty under this Act has in fact been committed by another person, that other person shall be liable to the same penalty as if he were the shopkeeper.

Exemption of shop keeper from penalty on conviction of actual offender. Ibid., s. 69.

- 83. (1) A shopkeeper charged with an offence against this Act may, upon complaint laid by him, have any person whom he charges as the actual offender brought before the Court at the time appointed for hearing the charge.
- (2) If, after the commission of the offence has been proved, the shopkeeper satisfies the Court—
  - (a) that he has used due diligence to enforce the provisions of this Act; and
  - (b) that, without his knowledge, consent, or connivance, the said other person committed the offence in question,

the said other person shall be summarily convicted of the offence, and the shopkeeper shall be exempt from any penalty.

Proceedings against supposed actual offender in first instance. Ibid., s. 70.

- 84. The complainant shall, in the first instance, proceed against the person whom he believes to be the actual offender, without proceeding against the shopkeeper, whenever it is made to appear to his satisfaction at the time of discovering the offence—
  - (a) that the shopkeeper has used all due diligence to enforce the observance of this Act; and
  - (b) by whom the offence was committed; and
  - (c) that the offence was committed without the knowledge, consent, or connivance of the shopkeeper, and in contravention of his orders.

Disqualification of certain Justices. Ibid., s. 72. \*

85. No complaint in respect of an offence against this Act shall be heard before a Justice who is a shopkeeper, or an assistant or employee in a shop.

Summary proceedings. Ibid., p. 73.

86. (1) All proceedings for offences against this Act shall be heard and determined in a summary way by a Special Magistrate or two Justices.

Inspectors and members of Police Force, &c., not accomplices. Cf. Licensing Act, 1917, s. 282, 1572, 1923, s. 32.

87. No member of the Police Force or inspector who purchases any goods, and no person who purchases any goods at the request of a member of the Police Force or an inspector, shall be deemed an accomplice or guilty of an offence against this Act where any complaint has been laid for such offence, nor shall the evidence of such member of the Police Force or inspector or of such person be deemed, on the hearing of such complaint, to be the evidence of an accomplice.

Magistrates may act on evidence of corroboration. Cf. ibid., s. 283. Ibid., s. 33.

88. The Special Magistrate or Justices sitting at or on the hearing accomplices without of any complaint under this Act may, if in the circumstances of the case they deem it proper, convict the person accused upon the uncorroborated

PART VI.

uncorroborated evidence of an accomplice; nor shall he or they acquit the person accused merely on the ground that the only evidence against him is the uncorroborated evidence of an accomplice, unless, in the circumstances of the case, he or they suspect the truth of such evidence; and there shall be no appeal from any conviction merely on the ground that the only evidence against the accused was the uncorroborated evidence of an accomplice.

#### PART VII.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

89. No person shall—

False entries. declarations, & c.

PART VII.

- (a) wilfully make a false entry in any book, register, certifi- Ibid., s. 77. cate, list, record, declaration, notice, or document by this Act required to be kept, made, served, or sent; or
- (b) wilfully make or sign a false declaration or return under this Act; or
- (c) make use of any such entry, declaration, or return, knowing the same to be false.

Penalty—One Hundred Pounds, or imprisonment for one year.

90. Any petition under this Act shall be deemed to be duly Mode of presenting presented if delivered, at the Minister's office, to the Minister or the Secretary or acting Secretary to the Minister.

Ibid., s. 78.

91. (1) Every signature to a petition or counter-petition presented under this Act shall be verified by the declaration of some verified by declaraperson who witnesses the signature; and any signature not so verified tions of witnesses. shall be regarded as null and void.

Signatures to 1104, 1912, s. 36.

- (2) Every such declaration shall be in the prescribed form, and shall be made before a Justice.
- (3) Any such declaration may, for all purposes except in proceedings for offences under this section, be accepted as conclusive evidence that all signatures purporting to be thereby verified are the signatures of the persons whose signatures they are thereby declared to be.
- (4) No person shall wilfully make any false statement in any declaration under this section.

Penalty—One Hundred Pounds, or imprisonment for one year.

92. (1) Where any person has signed any petition under this Act, Restriction on and the same person has signed a counter-petition relating to the persons who signed and the same person has signed a counter-petition relating to the petition signing same matter as the petition, the signature of such person to the counter-petition. counter-petition shall be regarded as a nullity for all purposes: Provided that if the person signing the counter-petition as aforesaid appends

PART VII.

appends to his signature the word "reversing" then in such a case the signature of such person to the petition shall be regarded as a nullity for all purposes.

(2) This section shall not apply where the counter-petition is one presented under section 12 of this Act praying that a week day other than the day stated in the petition shall be the compulsory half-holiday in a proposed Shopping District.

Conclusiveness of electoral rolls. Ibid., s. 79. 1104, 1923, s. 33. 93. For the purpose of any petition, certificate, or statement under this Act the electoral rolls in force at the time of the presentation of such petition, or of the signing of such certificate or statement, as the case may be, shall be accepted as correct, and their correctness shall not be inquired into by any Court, tribunal, or person whatsoever.

Evidence that petition duly signed.
Ibid., s. 80.
1104, 1912, s. 37.

**94.** The production of the Gazette containing what purports to be a copy of a certificate of the Returning Officer for the State or of a Registrar, that a petition or counter-petition has been duly signed as required by any provision of this Act shall be conclusive evidence that it has been so signed, and, if the number is stated, of the number of persons being entitled to do so who signed the petition or counter-petition.

Fee for petition and counter-petition to be One Pound.
1572, 1923, s. 31.

95. There shall be payable to the Minister on the presentation of every petition or counter-petition under this Act the fee of One Pound, and no such petition or counter-petition shall be deemed duly presented nor shall it be acted upon unless and until such fee is paid to the Minister.

Gazette to be evidence of published documents. 96. The production of the Gazette containing what purports to be a copy of a Proclamation, declaration, notice, or other document purporting to be made under the authority of this Act shall be conclusive evidence of the making of that Proclamation, declaration, notice, or other document, and of the contents thereof, unless the Minister, or the person by whom the same purports to have been made, by writing under his hand, certifies the contrary.

Regulations.

97. The Governor may make regulations prescribing all matters which are by this Act required or permitted to be prescribed, or the prescribing of which is contemplated by this Act, or which may be necessary or convenient for carrying out the provisions or objects of this Act.

Expenses to be paid out of moneys provided by Parliament.

98. All moneys required for the purposes of this Act shall be paid out of moneys provided by Parliament for the purpose of this Act.

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty, I hereby assent to this Bill.

TOM BRIDGES, Governor.

SCHEDULES.

#### SCHEDULES.

#### THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

Section 2

Number of Act.	Short Title.	Extent of Repeal.
1062 of 1911 1104 of 1912 1572 of 1923 1616 of 1924 1643 of 1924 1687 of 1925	The Early Closing Act, 1911 The Early Closing Act Amendment Act, 1912 Early Closing Act Amendment Act, 1923 Early Closing Act Amendment Act, 1924 Early Closing (Renmark) Act, 1924 Early Closing Act Amendment Act, 1925	The whole The whole The whole The whole The whole

#### THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

Section 4

THE FOLLOWING GOODS ARE HEREBY DECLARED TO BE EXEMPTED GOODS:

- 1. Cooked food, butter and cheese in quantities not exceeding two ounces of either in any one purchase, tea, coffee, or cocoa, in solution, cooked meat (not being tinned meat in unopened tins), bread, rolls, cake, tarts, pies, fresh fish, smoked fish, and cooked fish (not being tinned fish in unopened tins), oysters, spirituous and fermented liquors, as allowed by licence under the Licensing Act, 1917, and not otherwise, and non-alcoholic drinks.
- 2. Confectionery, sweetmeats, biscuits.
- 3. Non-alcoholic drinks, milk, cream, ice, and ice cream.
- 4. Fruit (other than preserved fruit in unopened tins or in airtight packages).
- 5. Flowers and living plants.
- Vegetables of every description (other than vegetables in unopened tins or in airtight packages).
- 7. Wines as allowed by licence under the Licensing Act, 1917, and not otherwise.
- 8. Drugs, medicines, medical and surgical instruments and appliances, including veterinary medicines, implements, and appliances, perfumery, antiseptics, tooth, hair, and skin brushes, sponges, face powders and puffs, infants' foods, hair oils, hair washes, and shaving soaps.
- 9. Printed books, newspapers, magazines, and journals.
- 10. Coffins and coffin furniture.

#### THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

Section 4.

#### EXEMPTED SHOPS.

- 1. Chemists' and druggists' shops.
- 2. Restaurants and eating houses.
- 3. Cooked meats other than tinned meats, bakers' small goods and bread, fish and oyster shops.
- 4. Confectionery shops.
- 5. Non-alcoholic drink shops.
- 6. Fruit shops.

- 7. Flower shops.
- 8. Vegetable shops.
- 9. Book shops, newsvendors' shops, and book-stalls.
- 10. Undertakers' shops or places of business.
- 11. Public-houses and licensed wine shops.
- 12. Milk shops.
- 13. Hairdressers' shops and saloors.

#### Section 33

#### THE FOURTH SCHEDULE.

A. The fees for registration under this Act shall be as follows:-

		£	8.	d.
1.	Where no assistants are employed	0	5	0
2.	Where at least 1 and not more than 6 assistants are employed	0	10	0
3.	Where more than 6 and not more than 12 assistants are employed	1	c	0
4.	Where more than 12 and not more than 25 assistants are employed	1	10	0
5.	Where more than 25 and not more than 50 assistants are employed	2	0	0
6.	Where more than 50 assistants are employed			

Provided that in the case of a shop registered between the 31st day of January and the 31st day of July in any year, the fees shall be at half the above rates.

B. The fees for renewal of registration shall be at the same rates as above, payable annually.

In computing the number of assistants for the purpose of this schedule, no regard shall be paid to the wife, or any son or daughter of the shopkeeper, employed in the shop.

#### Section 72.

#### THE FIFTH SCHEDULE.

Goods deemed to be Exempted Goods from the Closing Time for Shops other than Exempted Shops until the Closing Time for Tobacconists' Shops:—

1. Tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, cigarette papers, snuff, tobacco pipes, cigar and cigarette holders and cases, matches, matchboxes, and tobacco pouches.

#### Section 74.

#### THE SIXTH SCHEDULE.

"Early Closing Act, 1926."

Consent of Minister.

I, the Hon. , the Minister of the Crown administering the "Early Closing Act, 1926," hereby consent to proceedings being taken by (1)

, against (2) , for an alleged offence under the "Early Closing Act, 1926."

- (1) Here insert the name of the proposed informant, and state whether a member of the Police Force or an inspector of shops.
- (2) Here insert full name, address, and occupation of proposed defendant.

EARLY

## EARLY CLOSING ACT, 1926.

Table showing how the Sections of the Acts Consolidated have been dealt with.

Section of Repealed Act.	Remarks.	Section of Consolidating Act.
The Early Closing Act, No. 1062 of 1911—		
s. 1	Short title	
s. 2 (1)	Date of operation. Had its effect	
s. 2 (2)	Omitted as unnecessary	
s. 3		3
s. 4	As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 3; 1572, 1923, s. 3. Definitions of "Gazette" "Justice" "Minister" "regulation" "The Court" "The State" and "This Act" omitted, being provided for in Acts Interpretation Act	4
s. 5(1)		5 (1)
s. $5(2)$	•••••	72
s. 6 (1)	***************************************	6 (1)
s. 6 (2), (3)		6 (2), (3)
s. 7		7
s. 8	Omitted, being provided for in Acts Interpre-	
	tation Act, s. 30	_
s. 9	Repeal section	
s. 10	Altered so as to provide for continuance of the shopping districts mentioned in this section and all other districts	8
. 11 /1)	· ·	
s. 11 (1)	A	9 (1)
s. 11 (2)	As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 5	9 (2)
s. 12 (1)	As re-enacted by 1104, 1912, s. 6	10 (1)
s. 12 (2)	1 11 1104 1010 8	10 (2)
s. 12 (2)	As enacted by 1104, 1912, s. 7	10 (3)
s. 13 (1)	As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 8	11 (1)
s. 13 (2)		11 (2)
s. 14	As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 6	12
s. 15	As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 9	15
s. 16	As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 10	14
s. 17	As enacted by ibid., s. 11	15
s. 18		
s. 19		_
s. 20		
s. 21		
s. 22		17
s. 23	As amended by ibid., s. 12	20
s. 24	As amended by ibid., s. 9	21
s. 25	As amended by ibid., s. 13	22
s. 26		23
s. 27		24
s. 28		25
s. 29	Repealed by ibid., s. 15	_
s. 30		27
s. 31		
	The Factories Act, 1907	<b>2</b> 8

#### Table showing how the Sections of the Acts Consolidated have been dealt with—contd.

Act, No. 1062 of 1911	Section of Repealed Act.	Remarks.	Section of Consolidating Act.
Act, No. 1062 of 1911—  8. 32.	he Early Closing		
8. 33 8. 34 8. 35 8. 36 8. 36 As extended by ibid., s. 10 8. 37 As amended by ibid., s. 12 8. 37 As amended by ibid., s. 13, and 1616, 1924, s. 4 8. 37 As amended by ibid., s. 14, and amended by 1616, 1924, s. 5 8. 39 1616, 1924, s. 5 8. 40 As amended by ibid., s. 20 8. 41 8. 42 As amended by ibid., s. 20 8. 43 As amended by ibid., s. 21 8. 44 As amended by ibid., s. 21 8. 44 As amended by ibid., s. 21 8. 45 As amended by ibid., s. 23 8. 46 As amended by ibid., s. 23 8. 46 As amended by ibid., s. 19 8. 47 As amended by ibid., s. 19 8. 49 8. 50 8. 50 8. 50 8. 50 8. 50 8. 50 8. 51 As re-enacted by ibid., s. 26 8. 55  8. 56 As amended by ibid., s. 26 8. 55 8. 56 As amended by ibid., s. 26 8. 57 8. 58 As extended by ibid., s. 26 8. 60 As re-enacted by ibid., s. 26 8. 61 As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28 8. 62 As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 21 8. 60 As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28 8. 60 As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28 8. 61 As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28 8. 62 As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 27 8. 60 As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28 8. 62 As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 27 8. 60 As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28 8. 62 As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 27 8. 60 As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28 8. 62 As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 27 8. 60 As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28 8. 62 As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25  8. 66 As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25  8. 67 8. 68 8. 69 8. 70 8. 67 8. 68 8. 69 8. 70 8. 70 8. 70 8. 71 9. 71 9. 71 9. 72 9. 73 9. 74 9. 75 9. 75 9. 75 9. 76 9. 76 9. 76 9. 76 9. 76 9. 78 9. 77 9. 78 9. 79 9	Act, No. 1062 of	,	
s. 34.       As amended and extended by 1572, 1923, s. 9       31         s. 35.       As extended by ibid., s. 12       34         s. 37.       As amended by ibid., s. 13, and 1616, 1924, s. 4       35         s. 38.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 14, and amended by 1616, 1924, s. 5       36         s. 39.       37         s. 40.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 19       38         s. 41.       39         s. 42.       As amended by ibid., s. 20       41         s. 43.       As amended by ibid., s. 22       43         s. 44.       As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 18       45         s. 45.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 23       44         s. 44.       As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 18       45         s. 47.       As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 18       45         s. 48.       As amended by 1104, s. 19       46         s. 49.       50       52         s. 50       52       53         s. 51       53       55         s. 52       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 25       54         s. 53       54       55         s. 54       56       55         s. 55       56       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 25       54 <td>s. 32</td> <td></td> <td>29</td>	s. 32		29
s. 35.	s. 33		30
8. 36.	s. 34	As amended and extended by 1572, 1923, s. 9	31
s. 37.       As amended by ibid., s. 13, and 1616, 1924, s. 4         s. 38.       1616, 1924, s. 5         s. 39.       37         s. 40.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 19       38         s. 41.       39         s. 42.       As amended by ibid., s. 20       41         s. 43.       As amended by ibid., s. 21       42         s. 44.       As amended by ibid., s. 22       43         s. 45.       As amended by ibid., s. 23       44         s. 46.       As amended by ibid., s. 23       44         s. 47.       As amended by ibid., s. 19       46         s. 48.       As amended by ibid., s. 19       46         s. 48.       As amended by ibid., s. 19       46         s. 49.       51         s. 50.       52         s. 51.       52       53         s. 52.       As amended by ibid., s. 18       50         s. 55.       56       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 25       54         s. 55.       55       56       As amended by ibid., s. 26       55         s. 57.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 27       60         s. 59.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 27       60         s. 59.       As amended by		As extended by ibid., s. 10	32
8. 38.	s. 36	As extended by ibid., s. 12	34
s. 39. s. 40. As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 19 s. 41. As amended by ibid., s. 20 41 s. 43. As amended by ibid., s. 21 s. 44. As amended by ibid., s. 22 As amended by ibid., s. 23 s. 45. As amended by ibid., s. 23 s. 46. As amended by ibid., s. 19 s. 48. As amended by ibid., s. 19 s. 50. s. 51 s. 52 As amended by ibid., s. 25 s. 53 s. 54 s. 55 s. 56 As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 25 s. 57 s. 58 As extended by ibid., s. 22 s. 59 s. 59 As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 21 s. 57 s. 58 As extended by ibid., s. 22 s. 60 As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28 s. 61 As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28 s. 62 As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 23 s. 63 s. 64 The "Industrial Code, 1920," substituted for "The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910" 78 s. 68 s. 69 s. 60 As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25 s. 69 s. 70 s. 71 Omitted. Provided for in section 52 of Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81 "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf	s. 37		35
s. 39.       37       34.0.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 19       38         s. 41.       39       39       39         s. 42.       As amended by ibid., s. 20       41         s. 43.       As amended by ibid., s. 21       42         s. 44.       As amended by ibid., s. 22       43         s. 45.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 23       44         s. 46.       As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 18       45         s. 47.       As amended by ibid., s. 19       46         s. 48.       As amended by ibid., s. 19       46         s. 49.       51         s. 50.       52         s. 51.       53         s. 52.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 25         s. 54.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 26         s. 55.       55         s. 56.       As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 21       57         s. 57.       58         s. 58.       As extended by ibid., s. 22.       59         s. 59.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 27       60         s. 61.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       61         s. 62.       As extended by 1572, 1923, s. 23       63         s. 63.       62       As extended by 1572, 1923	s. 38		36
8. 40.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 19       38         8. 41.       39         8. 42.       As amended by ibid., s. 20       41         8. 43.       As amended by ibid., s. 21       42         8. 44.       As amended by ibid., s. 22       43         8. 45.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 23       44         8. 46.       As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 18       45         8. 47.       As amended by ibid., s. 19       46         8. 48.       As amended by ibid., s. 19       46         8. 49.       51       50         8. 50.       52       51         8. 50.       52       53         8. 51.       53       52         8. 53.       54       53         8. 54.       54       55         8. 55.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 25       54         8. 55.       55       55         8. 55.       As amended by ibid., s. 26       55         8. 58.       As extended by ibid., s. 22       59         8. 60.       As amended by ibid., s. 23       61         8. 61.       As amended by ibid., s. 23       62         8. 62.       As amended by ibid., s. 22       59	s. 39		37
8. 41.       As amended by ibid., s. 20       41         8. 43.       As amended by ibid., s. 21       42         8. 44.       As amended by ibid., s. 22       43         8. 45.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 23       44         8. 46.       As amended by ibid., s. 19       46         8. 47.       As amended by ibid., s. 19       46         8. 48.       As amended by ibid., s. 18       50         8. 49.       51         8. 50.       52         8. 51.       53         8. 52.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 25       54         8. 53.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 26       55         8. 55.       As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 21       57         8. 55.       As extended by 1572, 1923, s. 21       57         8. 58.       As extended by ibid., s. 22       59         8. 59.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 27       60         8. 60.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       62         8. 61.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       62         8. 62.       As extended by 172, 1923, s. 23       63         8. 63.       The "Industrial Code, 1920," substituted for "The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910"       78         8. 65.       S. 60.<	s. 40	As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 19	
8. 43.	в. 41		39
8. 44.	s. 42	As amended by ibid., s. 20	41
8. 45.	s. 43	As amended by ibid., s. 21	42
8. 46.	s. 44	As amended by ibid., s. 22	43
8. 47.		As re-enacted by ibid., s. 23	44
8. 48.			
8. 49       51         8. 50       52         8. 51       53         8. 52       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 25       54         8. 53       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 26       55         8. 54       55         8. 55       As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 21       57         8. 57       58         8. 58       As extended by ibid., s. 22       59         8. 60       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 27       60         8. 61       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       61         8. 61       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       61         8. 62       As extended by 1572, 1923, s. 23       63         8. 63       65       65         8. 64       The "Industrial Code, 1920," substituted for "The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910"       78         8. 65       8. 68       82         8. 69       83       80         8. 69       83         8. 70       84         8. 71       Omitted. Provided for in section 52 of Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81         8. 72       85         8. 73 (1)       "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences       86         8. 74       Omitt			
s. 50.       52         s. 51.       53         s. 52.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 25       54         s. 53.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 26       55         s. 54.       55         s. 55.       56         s. 56.       As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 21       57         s. 57.       58         s. 58.       As extended by ibid., s. 22.       59         s. 59.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 27       60         s. 60.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       61         s. 61.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       62         s. 62.       As extended by 1572, 1923, s. 23       63         s. 63.       65       65         s. 64.       The "Industrial Code, 1920," substituted for "The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910"       78         s. 65.       79       8       65         s. 66.       As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25       80         s. 67.       80       80         s. 68.       82         s. 69.       83         s. 70.       80         s. 71.       Omitted. Provided for in section 52 of Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81         s. 73.       (1).       "Inf		1	1 7. 2
s. 51.       53         s. 52.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 25       54         s. 53.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 26       55         s. 55.       56       As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 21       57         s. 56.       As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 21       57         s. 57.       58       As extended by ibid., s. 22.       59         s. 59.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 27       60         s. 60.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       61         s. 61.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       62         s. 62.       As extended by 1572, 1923, s. 23       63         s. 63.       65         s. 64.       The "Industrial Code, 1920," substituted for "The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910"       78         s. 65.       79         s. 66.       As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25       80         s. 67.       81         s. 68.       82         s. 69.       83         s. 70.       84         s. 71.       Omitted. Provided for in section 52 cf Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81         s. 73 (1).       "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences         s. 73 (2).       Omitted. Provide			
8. 52.			
As re-enacted by ibid., s. 26   55			
S. 54   S. 55   S. 56   S. 56   S. 56   S. 56   S. 56   S. 57   S. 57   S. 58   S. 59   S. 59   As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 21   S. 59   As amended by 104, 1912, s. 27   S. 60   S. 60   As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28   S. 61   S. 61   As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28   S. 62   As extended by 1572, 1923, s. 23   S. 63   S. 64   The "Industrial Code, 1920," substituted for "The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910"   78   S. 65   S. 66   As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25   S. 67   S. 68   S. 69   S. 70   S. 70   S. 70   S. 70   S. 71   Omitted. Provided for in section 52 cf Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81   S. 72   S. 73 (1)   "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences   S. 73 (2)   Omitted. Provided for in Section 9 of Justices Act, 1921   Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf			54
s. 56.       As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 21       57         s. 57.       58         s. 58.       As extended by ibid., s. 22.       59         s. 59.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 27       60         s. 60.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       61         s. 61.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       62         s. 62.       As extended by 1572, 1923, s. 23       63         s. 63.       65         s. 64.       The "Industrial Code, 1920," substituted for "The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910"       78         s. 65.       79         s. 66.       As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25       80         s. 67.       81         s. 68.       82         s. 69.       83         s. 70.       81         s. 71.       Omitted. Provided for in section 52 of Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81         s. 72.       1nformations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences       86         s. 73 (2).       Omitted. Provided for in section 9 of Justices Act, 1921       86         s. 74.       Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf		1 1	
8. 57.       58.         8. 58.       As extended by ibid., s. 22.       59         8. 59.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 27       60         8. 60.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       61         8. 61.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       62         8. 62.       As extended by 1572, 1923, s. 23       63         8. 63.       65         8. 64.       The "Industrial Code, 1920," substituted for "The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910"       78         8. 65.       79         8. 66.       As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25       80         8. 67.       81         8. 68.       82         8. 69.       83         8. 70.       83         8. 71.       Omitted. Provided for in section 52 of Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81         8. 72.       "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences       86         8. 73 (2)       Omitted. Provided for in section 9 of Justices Act, 1921       86         8. 74.       Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf			1
8. 58.			
s. 59.       As amended by 1104, 1912, s. 27       60         s. 60.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       61         s. 61.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       62         s. 62.       As extended by 1572, 1923, s. 23       63         s. 63.       65         s. 64.       The "Industrial Code, 1920," substituted for "The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910"       78         s. 65.       79         s. 66.       As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25       80         s. 67.       81         s. 68.       82         s. 69.       83         s. 70.       84         s. 71.       Omitted. Provided for in section 52 of Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81         s. 72.       85         s. 73 (1).       "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences       86         s. 73 (2).       Omitted. Provided for in section 9 of Justices Act, 1921       86         s. 74.       Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf			
8. 60.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       61         s. 61.       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       62         s. 62.       As extended by 1572, 1923, s. 23       63         s. 63.       65         s. 64.       The "Industrial Code, 1920," substituted for "The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910"       78         s. 65.       79         s. 66.       As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25       80         s. 67.       81         s. 68.       82         s. 69.       83         s. 70.       84         s. 71.       Omitted. Provided for in section 52 of Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81         s. 72.       85         s. 73 (2).       "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences       86         s. 73 (2).       Omitted. Provided for in section 9 of Justices Act, 1921       86         s. 74.       Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf			
s. 61       As re-enacted by ibid., s. 28       62         s. 62       As extended by 1572, 1923, s. 23       63         s. 63			1
s. 62       As extended by 1572, 1923, s. 23       63         s. 63       65         s. 64       The "Industrial Code, 1920," substituted for "The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910"       78         s. 65       79         s. 66       As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25       80         s. 67       81         s. 68       82         s. 69       83         s. 70       84         s. 71       Omitted. Provided for in section 52 of Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81         s. 72       85         s. 73 (1)       "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences       86         s. 73 (2)       Omitted. Provided for in section 9 of Justices Act, 1921       86         s. 74       Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf			1
8. 63       65         8. 64       The "Industrial Code, 1920," substituted for "The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910"       78         8. 65       79         8. 66       As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25       80         8. 67       81         8. 68       82         8. 69       83         8. 70       84         8. 71       Omitted. Provided for in section 52 of Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81         8. 72       85         8. 73 (1)       "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences       86         8. 73 (2)       Omitted. Provided for in section 9 of Justices Act, 1921       86         8. 74       Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf			
s. 64		<u>م</u>	1
## The Factories Acts, 1907 to 1910"		The "Industrial Code 1920" substituted for	1 00
8. 65       79         8. 66       As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25       80         8. 67       81         8. 68       82         8. 69       83         8. 70       84         8. 71       Omitted. Provided for in section 52 of Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81         8. 72       "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences         8. 73 (2)       Omitted. Provided for in section 9 of Justices Act, 1921         8. 74       Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf	5. UI		78
8. 66 As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572, 1923, s. 25	s. 65	2200210021003	
1923, s. 25		As extended by 1104, 1912, s. 34, and 1572,	
s. 67	<del></del>	1 Table 1 Tabl	80
s. 68	s. 67		1
s. 70 s. 71  Omitted. Provided for in section 52 of Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81  s. 72 s. 73 (1)  "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences Omitted. Provided for in section 9 of Justices Act, 1921 omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf			i i
s. 71  s. 72 s. 73 (1)  'Informations' altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences	s. 69		83
Justices Act, 1921, and s. 81  S. 73 (1)  "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences  Omitted. Provided for in section 9 of Justices Act, 1921  Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf			
s. 72	s. 71		
s. 73 (1)  "Informations" altered to "proceedings," thus preserving effect of s. 71 as to mode of dealing with offences	в. 72		85
dealing with offences		"Informations" altered to "proceedings,"	
s. 73 (2) Omitted. Provided for in section 9 of Justices Act, 1921  s. 74 Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf		dealing with offences	86
s. 74 Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. cf	s. 73 (2)	Omitted. Provided for in section 9 of Justices	
	s. 74	Omitted. Provided for in Division VI. of	:

Table showing how the Sections of the Acts Consolidated have been dealt with-contd.

Section of Repealed Act.	Remarks.	Section of Consolidating Act.
The Early Closing Act, No. 1062 of 1911—		
s. 75 s. 76	Omitted. Provided for in Part VI. of Justices Act, 1921.	
s. 77		89
s. 78	*************	90
s. 79	As re-enacted by 1104, 1923, s. 35	93
s. 80	As amended by ibid., s. 37	94
s. 81	Omitted. Of no effect since repeal of provisions relating to polls	
s. 82	***************************************	96
s. 83	Altered by omission of all reference to polls, and of subsections (2) and (3), the latter subsections being provided for by the Acts	05
- 01	Interpretation Act, 1915, s. 38	97
s. 84 The First Schedule	As amonded by 1879 1092 a 96 and 1616	98
	As amended by 1572, 1923, s. 26, and 1616, 1924, s. 6	The Third Schedule
The Second		
Schedule	Acts repealed by The Early Closing Act, 1911	
The Third Schedule		The Sixth
The Early Closing Act, No. 1104 of 1912—		Beneditte
s. 1	Short titles	_
s. 2	Incorporation	
s. 3	) -	
s. 4	Amendments of 1062, 1911, s. 4	1
s. 5	Amendment of ibid., s. 11	
s. 6	Re-enactment of ibid., s. 12 (part)	<u> </u>
s. 7 (1) s. 7(2)	Amendment of ibid., s. 12	
s. 8	Amendment of ibid., s. 13	
s. 9	Amendment of ibid., ss. 13, 15, and 24	
s. 10s. s. 11	Amendment of ibid., s. 16	
s. 12	Repeal of ibid., ss. 17 to 21	
s. 13	Amendment of ibid., s. 23	
s. 14	Amendment of ibid., s. 25	
•. 15	Repeal of ibid., s. 29	
s. 16	Liopout William, St. 20	26
s. 17s. 18	Repealed by 1616, 1924, s. 7	1
s. 19	Amendment of 1062, s. 40	
s. 20	Amendment of ibid., s. 42	
s. 21	Amendment of ibid., s. 43	
s. 22	Amendment of ibid., s. 44	
s. 23	Amendment of ibid., s. 45	
s. 24	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	47
9. 25	Amendment of ibid., s. 52	

Table showing how the Sections of the Acts Consolidated have been dealt with—contd.

Section of Repealed Act.	Remarks,	Section of Consolidating Act.
The Early Closing Act, No. 1104 of 1912—		
s. 26	Repeal of ibid., ss. 53, 54	
s. 27	Amendment of ibid., s. 59	
s. <b>2</b> 8	Repeal of ibid., ss. 60, 61	
s. 29	*******	_
s. 30	***************************************	73
s. 31		74
s. 32		75
s. 33	A	76
s. 34	Amendment of 1062, 1911, s. 66	
s. 35 s. 36	Amendment of ibid., s. 79	01
s. 37	Amendment of ibid., s. 80	91
Early Closing Act Amendment Act, No. 1572 of 1923		
s. 1	Short titles	<u> </u>
s. 2	Incorporation	<del></del> -
s. 3	Amendment of 1062, 1911, s. 4	
g. 4	Amendment of ibid., s. 5	
s. 5 s. 6	Amendment of ibid., s. 12	
s. 7	Amendment of Ibid., 8. 14	18, 19
s. 8	Amendment of ibid., s. 23	1(7, 13
s. 9	Amendment of ibid., s. 34	
s. 10	Amendment of ibid., s. 35	
s. 11	*******************************	33
s. 12	Amendment of ibid., s. 36	
s. 13	Amendment of ibid., s. 37	
ε. 14	Amendment of ibid., s. 38	
s. 15	Amendment of ibid., s. 40	
s. 16		40
s. 17	Amendment of ibid., s. 45	
s. 18	Amendment of ibid., s. 46	
s. 19	Amendment of ibid., s. 47	
s. 20	Amendment of ibid., s 48	_
s. 21	Amendment of ibid., s. 56	
s. 23	Amendment of ibid., s. 58	
s. 24	Amendment of ibid., 8. 02	64
s. 25	Amendment of ibid., s. 66	01
s. 26	Amendment of ibid., First Schedule	
s. 27	The words "subject to subsection (2) of	j
	section 5 of the principal Act," omitted as	
	being redundant	77
s. 28		48
s. 29		49
s. 30	*************	5 (2)
s. 31		95
		077
s. 32		87

Table showing how the Sections of the Acts Consolidated have been dealt with—contd.

Section of Repealed Act.	Remarks.	Section of Consolidating Act.
Early Closing Act Amendment Act,		
No. 1616 of 1924		
s. 1	Short titles	
s. 2	Incorporation	_
s. 3	Amendment of 1062, 1911, s. 34	
s. 4	Amendment of ibid., s. 37	_
s. 5	Amendment of ibid., s. 38	<del>-</del>
g. 6	Amendment of ibid., First Schedule	_
s. 7 Early Closing	Repeal of 1164, 1912, ss. 17, 18	_
(Renmark) Act,		
No. 1643 of 1924		
s. 1	Short titles	<u> </u>
s. 2,	Incorporation	<u> </u>
s. 3		10 (4)
Early Closing Act		1
Amendment Act,		1
No. 1687 of 1925		1
<b>s.</b> 1	Short titles	_
s. 2	Incorporation	<u> </u>
s. 3	Amendment of 1062, 1911, s. 4	_
s. 4	Amendment of ibid., s. 5	_
s. 5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8 (3)
s. 6	Amendment of 1062, 1911, s. 12	
s. 7	Amendment of ibid., s. 23	
<b>s</b> , 8	Amendment of ibid., s. 25	
s. 9	Amendment of ibid,, s. 28	_
s. 10	Had its effect	_
s. 11		74 (3), provi
s. 12		31 (4) and (5
<b>s</b> . 13	Amendment of 1062, 1911, s. 38	_ `
<b>s</b> . 14	Amendment of ibid,, s. 39	_
s. 15	Amendment of ibid., s. 40	
s. 16	Amendment of ibid., s. 46	
s. 17	Amendment of ibid., s. 47	-
s. 18	***************************************	67
s. 19		68
s. 20		69
s. 21		70
s. 22		71
		92



ANNO DECIMO SEPTIMO

## GEORGII V REGIS. A.D. 1926.

## No. 1745.

An Act to amend the Adelaide Sewers Acts, 1878 to 1923, and for other purposes.

[Assented to, November 25th, 1926.]

BE it Enacted by the Governor of the State of South Australia, with the advice and consent of the Berry with the advice and consent of the Parliament thereof, as follows:

- 1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Adelaide Sewers Act Further Short titles. Amendment Act, 1926".
- (2) The Adelaide Sewers Acts, 1878 to 1923, and this Act may be cited together as the "Adelaide Sewers Acts, 1878 to 1926".
- (3) The Adelaide Sewers Act is hereinafter referred to as "the No. 106 of 1878. principal Act".
- 2. This Act is incorporated with the other Acts mentioned in Incorporation. section 1 of this Act, and those Acts and this Act shall be read as
- 3. The term "Drainage Area" shall from the passing of this Act Definition of "Drainage Area". and for the purposes of the Adelaide Sewers Acts, 1878 to 1926, mean all land to which, immediately before the passing of this Act, the Adelaide Sewers Acts, 1878 to 1923, applied, and also all other land declared by proclamation to be a Drainage Area.

4. Section 23 of the principal Act is amended so as to read as Amendment of follows :---

23. (1) The Governor may from time to time by proclama- Proclamation of Drainage Area. tion declare that any land defined in the proclamation shall constitute a Drainage Area and the said land shall thereupon,

principal Act, s. 23-

Proclamation of